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1. During World War I, what was President Woodrow Wilson's purpose in outlining the Fourteen Points?
 - A) asking Congress for additional funding for the war effort
 - B) suggesting a peace plan to prevent future wars
 - C) proposing war crimes trials for leaders of enemy nations
 - D) calling for military alliances against aggressor nations
 2. Isolationists in the Senate objected to the United States joining the League of Nations because they opposed
 - A) creation of the Security Council
 - B) colonialism in Africa and Asia
 - C) membership in the League by Germany
 - D) involvement in future foreign wars
 3. A major purpose of President Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points (1918) was to
 - A) ask Congress to enter World War I
 - B) set goals for achieving peace after World War I
 - C) provide an aid program for rebuilding war-torn nations
 - D) retaliate for the sinking of the *Lusitania*
 4. The major argument of opponents of the 1919 Treaty of Versailles was that the treaty would require the United States to
 - A) become involved in future international conflicts
 - B) pay for war damages
 - C) adopt a policy of military alliances
 - D) keep troops permanently in Europe
 5. The League of Nations and the United Nations were both formed with the goal of
 - A) preventing wars through peaceful negotiations
 - B) prohibiting the development of nuclear weapons
 - C) monitoring the world's monetary systems
 - D) supporting the spread of democracy
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