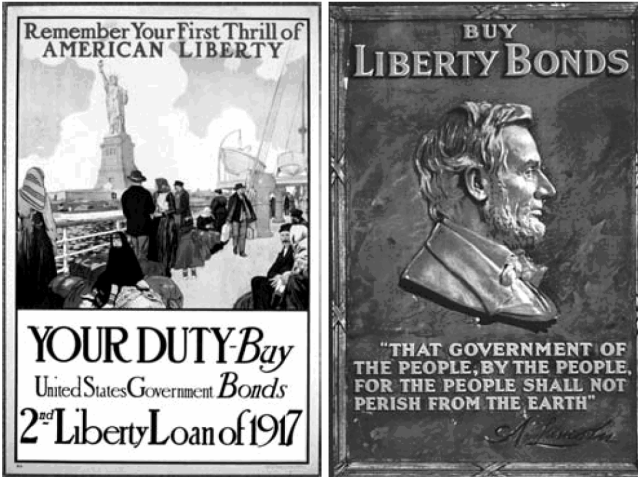


NAME _____

1. The Great Migration during World War I refers to the movement of
 - A) factory workers from the Northeast to the Sun Belt
 - B) communists deported to Russia as undesirable aliens
 - C) African Americans to northern cities to find work
 - D) refugees fleeing from eastern Europe to the United States

2. The "clear and present danger" principle stated by the Supreme Court in *Schenck v. United States* (1919) had the effect of
 - A) prohibiting the president from implementing a military draft
 - B) preventing the wartime internment of citizens
 - C) restricting the formation of defense alliances
 - D) limiting freedom of speech during wartime

3. Base your answer to question on the posters below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Library of Congress

 - A) increase military enlistments
 - B) reduce the use of consumer goods
 - C) invest in the war effort
 - D) conserve scarce resources for the military

4. During World War I, President Woodrow Wilson used his wartime powers to
 - A) Win passage of quota acts
 - B) grant all women the right to vote
 - C) expand freedom of the press
 - D) increase government control of the economy

5. What was the primary reason many African Americans migrated to the North both during and after World War I?
 - A) More economic opportunities existed in the North.
 - B) Few chances to gain political office were available in the South.
 - C) Racism and discrimination had been eliminated in the North.
 - D) Southern cities were overcrowded.