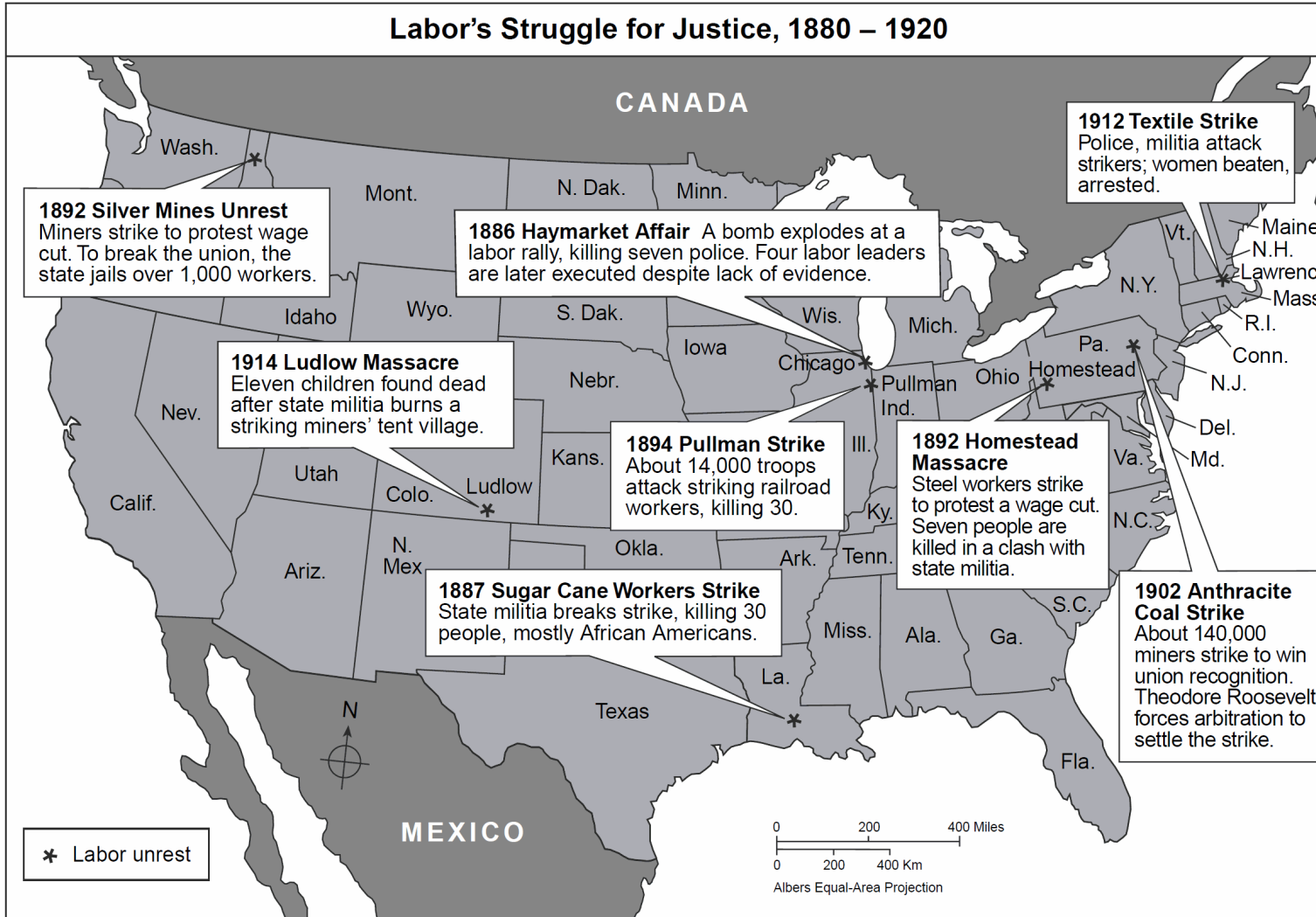


NAME _____

1. Base your answer to the following question on the map below and on your knowledge of social studies.



Source: Gary B. Nash, *American Odyssey: The United States in The Twentieth Century*, Glencoe, 1994 (adapted)

Which generalization about labor unions in the United States is most clearly supported by information on the map?

- A) The federal government supported labor union activities.
- B) Strikes by labor unions were often suppressed by government actions.
- C) Labor union membership was limited to mine workers.
- D) State governments offered to arbitrate labor disputes.

Early Unions

2. In the late 19th and early 20th centuries, a major goal of the American Federation of Labor (AFL) was to
- A) end restrictions on child labor
 - B) admit women to the industrial workforce
 - C) improve wages and working conditions
 - D) join all workers into a single union
3. The process of collective bargaining is best described as
- A) meetings of joint congressional committees to achieve compromise on different versions of a proposed law
 - B) diplomatic strategies used to make treaties between two nations
 - C) discussions between labor union leaders and management to agree on a contract for workers
 - D) negotiations between a multinational company and a nation with which the company wishes to do business
4. The American Federation of Labor became the first long-lasting, successful labor union in the United States mainly because it
- A) refused to participate in strikes against employers
 - B) concentrated on organizing workers in industries in the South
 - C) formed its own political party and elected many pro-labor public officials
 - D) fought for the rights of skilled workers
5. Samuel Gompers, Eugene V. Debs, and John L. Lewis all influenced the American economy by
- A) supporting free trade between nations
 - B) encouraging the use of monopolies
 - C) advocating laissez-faire capitalism
 - D) working to build unions and improve pay
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